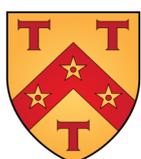
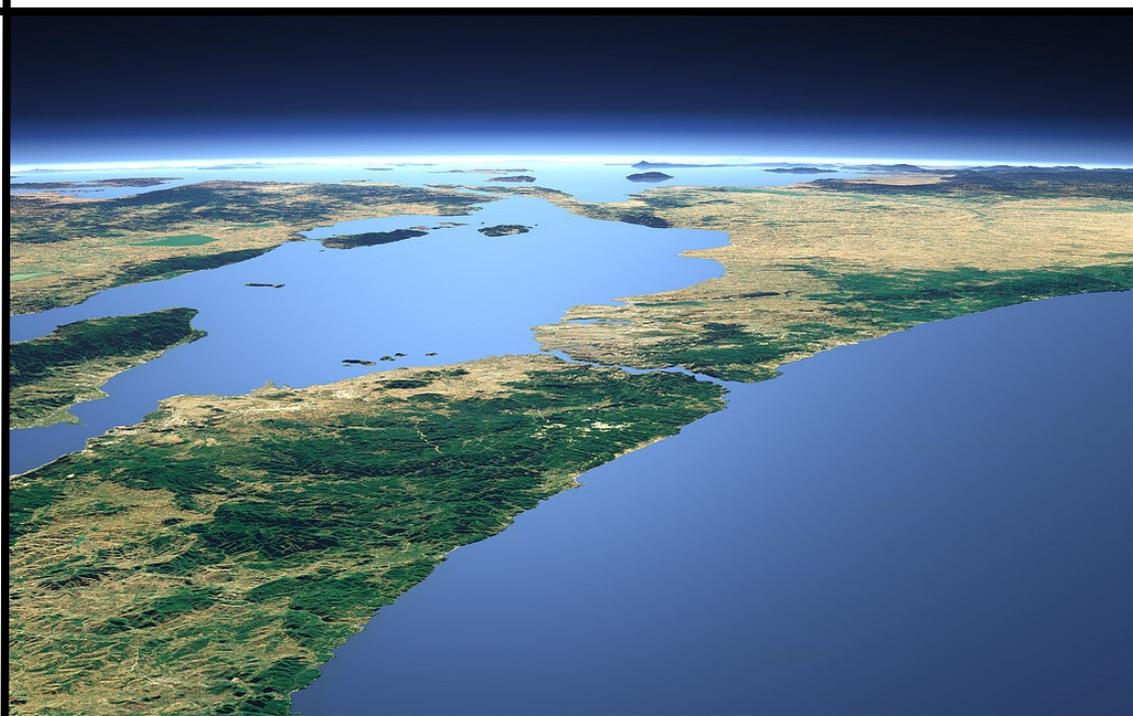


*Turkey's turmoil and the EU/US conundrum:
How should the West approach post-coup Turkey?*



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- 12) **There is a range of issues in which the West and Turkey have a mutual interest, such as defence cooperation, trade, counter-terrorism, action against drugs, visas etc.** If the West, or EU as such, fails to act, those countries that have an interest in and influence over Turkey, notably **the US and Germany, should step in.**
- 13) **The West should show support for, but not interfere in, any peace process with the Kurds;** it should offer help and support as necessary/acceptable
- 14) Failure to engage with Turkey may have adverse repercussions e.g. on migration flows and on the stream of foreign fighters, as well as the loss of Turkish air bases from which to pursue the fight against ISIS. **There is little doubt that the West's security priorities cannot be achieved without cooperation with Turkey.**
- 15) **Turkey should be kept fully involved and engaged in NATO,** and offered full NATO support and capabilities
- 16) A red line must be drawn, beyond which human rights violations and authoritarianism will lead inevitably to disengagement, as a last resort. **That red line could be the reinstatement of the death penalty.** This seems to be intermittently on and off Erdoğan's agenda, and there are some signs that outside pressure on this point may be having an effect.

